SCENES AT THE POLLS.

INTIMIDATION, BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION IN DOWNTOWN DISTRICTS.

TAMMANY'S OUTRAGEOUS VIOLATIONS OF LAW -ILLEGAL PRACTICES AND UNJUSTIFIABLE INTERFERENCES RELIED ON TO SWELL

THE DEMOCRATIC VOTE. nany Hall, through its hirelings, heelers and sympathizers, never did more than was done yesterday to carry through the entire Democratic ticket, State and county. On that account in some of the districts, especially those where there were of the district, especially those where there were spirited local contests, the Tammany heelers did scruple at anything to keep out Republican and Independent votes, and to get in the votes of their followers. The police in many districts obeyed the orders of Superintendent Byrnes, and saw to it that there was a fair election. In other dishowever, the policemen exhibited their Tammany sympathies to a remarkable degree. They interfered with the work of the Republican workers and watchers, and generally showed that they nted the Tammany ticket to win.

downtown districts the Tammany vote brought out early, and in some of the election districts when the Republicans went to the polis they found that their names had been voted on by floaters who had been there ahead of them. personal encounters were not infrequent, but up to a late hour the police had not returned any us results from them. The Republicans g stood up for their rights, and except in districts where the Tammany heelers were allowed to have full swing, they were permitted distribute their ballots and to do electioneering work without much interruption.

The fight in the IXth, XIth, XXIst and XXIIId

Assembly Districts for member of Assembly was conducted with energy. In the IXth Assembly District everything was done by the Tammany leaders and the police to prevent the casting of votes for the Republican and the Independent canlates. A fight occurred at one place, and a worker was injured so badly that he had to be taken to the hospital. It was said by the police later that he had not been hurt badly, and would be out by night.

John Scannell, the leader of the XIth Assembly District, was in charge of his district during the day, doing all in his power to elect his tool, Mc-Cloy, to the Assembly. Here the Republicans and members of the Good Government Club who vere working for James R. Sheffield, the Republican candidate, made a stiff fight against an enormous amount of money, and all the power of the gambling dens, dives and disreputable places in his district. Scannell, who is a Fire Commissioner, made his headquarters part of the day at the seneca Club, from which he issued his orders after receiving his reports from the heelers who were going through the district for him. Part of the day he also made his headquarters at the Nineteenth Precinct Police Station, where he interfered in behalf of Tammany heelers arrested on the complaints of Republicans for violating the Election law. The fight in the XXIst Assembly District was a bitter one. Police Commissioner James J. Martin was in charge of this district, but no reports of violence or disorder were received from there. neca Club, from which he issued his orders after

MAYNARD CUT ON ALL SIDES.

ughout the day reports came into the Republican headquarters that there were not enough Bartlett pasters out, and that voters were doing their best to find them. Reports also were received that Maynard was being cut in all parts of the city, and that the outrage in Gravesend had turned hundreds of Democrats against the entire Demo-

hundreds of Democrats against the entire Demoratic State ticket. On all sides, among the most
street of Democrats, the action of John Y. McKane was criticised, because of the Injury it was
expected to cause the State ticket.

Outside of the quarreis at various election places
there were comparatively few disturbances throughout the city for an election upon which so much depended. The small boy had full swing and stole
signs, ash barrels, board fences and everything
burnable for the annual election bonfires which
raged in every street long before it was known
what the result of the election would be.

As soon as the returns bogan to come in the
bulletin boards in various parts of the city were
the centres of attraction. As the result of the vote
in this city came in showing that the predictions of
Mr. Croker and of the other machine Democrats
were far from correct. Tammany shouters gave
place to Republicans and Independents, who felt
sure that they had defeated the criminal candidate
for the Court of Appeals. All they waited for then
were the returns from Kings County and the other
parts of the State to begin to cheer.

RESIDENT STUDENTS CAST THEIR VOTES. RESIDENT STUDENTS CAST THEIR VOTES.

The students of the Theological seminaries in this who were residents here were not molested casting of their votes yesterday. General Theological Seminary in the students had been warned against voting by Dean Hoffman. About fifty of those so warned determined to have their rights at any cost, and on Monday made a stand. A was addressed to Superintendent Byrnes stating the facts. They said that they had been ed with arrest if they attempted to vote They declared that they were entitled to vote and

They declared that they were entitled to vote and were willing to swear in their votes if necessary. They asked Superintendent Byrnes to tell them whore they could vote if not in the district in which they had registered and where they had voted in previous years.

Superintendent Byrnes looked into the matter. He sent a captain of police around to the seminary on Monday night. The captain examined the men who thought they were entitled to vote, and placed "O. K." after their names in the register. He assured them that such men as were "O Kd" would have no difficulty in casting their votes.

Several of the students were not present at the time of the officer's visit. These determined to vote anyhow. They carried out their determination without incident.

"You see," one of these men said last evening, "the whole business was a bluff. They wanted to scare us from voting, as they knew we would, signist Maynard."

GEORGE BLISS CAUSES AN ARRUST.

In that part of the city lying between the two rivers from Twenty-third-st. to Forty-second-st. voting was carried on generally without disturb-Through the central part of this district on Fifth-ave, and Broadway, the day was not different from the ordinary holiday. People were out to promenade. The procession began early and cor ed late. On Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth streams of people moved up and down, dir-ing only from the crowds on Fifth-ave, and dway in their dress and style of walk and

Broadway in their dress and style of walk and language.

Before most of the voting places in this section men gathered, standing about with their hands in their pockets, doing no electioneering and but little talking. One man who was electioneering within 160 feet of the polis in West Thirty-ninth-st. was arrested. His name was John F. Brady, and he flives at No. 160 West Thirty-ninth-st. The charge was made against lim by George Bliss, of No. 29 West Thirty-ninth-st. Mr. Bliss is house is opposite the politing place. He was watching the casting of votes and had noticed Brady for some time buttonholing men as they came up to vote. He was clearly within 160 feet of the booth. Mr. Bliss came out of his house and told the man he would have him arrested if he continued his work so near the polis. Brady pald no attention to Mr. Bliss's warning, and Mr. Bliss carried out his threat.

INSULTED BY COMMISSIONER SCANNELL.

INSULTED BY COMMISSIONER SCANNELL. At the police station, the Nineteenth Precinct, where Brady was taken, there was a lively scens between Mr. Bliss, Firs Commissioner Scannell and Police Captain O'Connor, It was just before nooh, Mr. Bliss and an officer with Brady had

noon. Mr. Bliss and an officer with Brady had just come in, and about the same time Commissioner Scannell entered from a site room. The Commissioner heard the complaint, and said insultingly to Mr. Bliss:
"You make a complaint, do you? You ought to be arrested yourself. You entited this young man to violate the law, if he did violate it."

Mr. Bliss simply insisted on having his man taken into custody and made no attempt to discuss the matter with Commissioner Scannell.

Brady was taken before Judge Koch, in Jefferson Market, and held in \$50 ball to await a hearing later in the week.

Market, and held in \$50 ball to await a hearing later in the week.

There were two other arrests in the Nith Assembly District during the day. Both were taken to the Nineteenth Precinct Station George H. Decker, of No. 424 Fourth-ave., was arrested for false registration. He was committed to the City Prison. Max Alexander was arrested for trying to vote in the Thirty-fourth Election District of the Xith Assembly District, where he did not belong, Judge Koch held him in \$300 ball for a hearing next week.

the East Side, between Twenty-third and ty-second sts., the polling places were the cen-of bodies of men all more or less under the tence of liquor.

A FREE FIGHT ON THE EAST SIDE. In one of the election districts—the Sixteenth XIVth Assembly District-there was a general free fight when the polls closed. The voting booth was in the barber shop No. 304 East Thirtyfifth-st. The clock there was ten minutes ahead of fifth-st. The clock there was ten minutes ahead of city time. Three or four Republicans had gone in to vote a few minutes before the polls closed and had been challenged, though they were well known in the district. The polls closed before the matter was straightened, and the men were thrown out. They objected, and the men about the door objected to their objections. The crowd about the place had been boiling for a fight all day, and as only two polleemen were present they were simply of no use at all. Twice the gang came near breaking into

at flevor, gentle action and soothing effects of ta, when in seed of a laxative; and if the father e costive or billous, the most gratifying results e; se that it is the best family remedy known, imily should have a bottle on hand.

the barber shop when the counting was going on but they were kept out. There were perhaps 28 men in the fight before it was finished, and of that number at least a quarter were taking an active part.

Secretary Lamont voted in the Fifteenth Elec-tion District of the XIth Assembly District early in the morning. He drove to the polls from the Victoria Hotel about 9 o'clock. "DRY DOLLAR'S" LAWLESS GANG.

Lawlessness and intimidation were carried on by Tammany "heelers" in a most high-handed manne in the Sixth Election District of the HId Assembly District, which is a stronghold of Timothy Dollar" Sullivan, the Democratic "ring" candida for Senator from the IXth Senate District. Before the polling-place at No. 49 Eldridge-st. was opened swarms of thugs filled the sidewaik in front of it ready to do the bidding of their masters, whether it is a superscript of the property of the polling of their masters, whether of illegal voting or for violence. The Tammans captains were Henry Lowy, of the John J. O'Brier Association, whose headquarters are in "Dry Lod lar's" combined rumshop and bogus lodging house building. No. 203 Bowery; Thomas Boylan, an employe of the Appraisers' Stores and secretary of the Comanche Club, also of No. 203 Bowery, are "Sam" Hepner, of No. 101 Canal-st. The Republican captain was Samuel Saffer, senior partner of the firm of Saffer, Weber & Saffer, lothing manufacturers at No. 181 Canal-st. whose efforts it secure a fair election at great personal risk werest at naught by the threats and hustling of Tammany buildes throughout the day, Lowy had a memorandum of registered voters in the district and checked off the names of those who voted until about 1:39 p. m., when a most disgraceful scene of fraudulent voting and intimidation was begun. At that hour the Tammany captains and their "heelers" seized upon filthy and bloated "tramps." gave them the names of legal voters who had not yet voted and compelled them to vote on those names, openly paying them from \$1 to \$2 each for voting. The bribery and fraudulent voting was done in the most barefaced manner.

A MANDAMUS DISREGARDED. the polling-place at No. 49 Eldridge-st, was opened

A MANDAMUS DISREGARDED

While this outrageous scene was being enacted, I Specter, of No. 36 Forsyth-st., who is a legall; egistered voter in the district, appeared at th polls to vote, when he was told by the Democratic polls to vote, when he was told by the Democratic inspectors that he had already voted. His protests joined with those of the Republican inspectors and captain, were unheeded, and he was roughly hustled out of doors. He returned about 3:5 o'clock with a mandamus directing the inspectors to receive his vote, but the inspectors treated the judicial order with the utmost contempt, and he was again hustled into the street. Samuel Mirslawsky, o'No. 3:6 Forsyth-st., who is a member of the firm of Mirslawsky Brothers, had the same experience as Mr. Specter, and at about the same time. A big "tramp" entered the polling place and an hounced himself as Simon Bernstein, of No. 18 Hester-st. He had previously voted, under anothen hame, at the Tenth Election District, at Forsyth and Grand sts., whence he was followed to the Third District by Republican Captain Henry Levy of the Tenth District, who protested against his vote being received. The Tammany inspectors however, permitted him to swear in his vote Captain Levy then demanded that the tramp be arrested, but the policeman on duty paid no attention to the demand, and the tramp escaped, his retreat being covered by a gang of Bowery "toughs." When the real Mr. Bernstein came to vote, afterward, he was told that he had already voted, and was hustled out. Throughout the day the Tammany captains frequently entered the booths with voters and repeaters, and compelled many voters to exhibit their ballots to them.

TRYING HARD TO ELECT SULLIVAN. tors that he had already voted. His protests TRYING HARD TO ELECT SULLIVAN.

At the polling place of the Third Election Dis many cases of fraudulent voting and intimidation Jacob Subin, of No. 41 Forsyth-st., a manufacture Jacob Subin, of No. 41 Forsyth-st., a manufacturer of chloory, went to the polling place at No. 130 Canal-st. to vote. He was intercepted by a burly Tammany "heeler," who insisted on his using a Sullivan paster. Subin appealed for protection to Louis Harris, the Republican captain of the district, but Harris, who had already been overawed by the rufflanly gang which injested the place, did not dare to interfere. Subin started to enter the booth, and the Tammany "heeler" insisted on entering with him. Subin was finally permitted to enter the booth alone, and after he had cast his ballot he was confronted by a gang of builles, who arother dispute happening at that time, he managed to escape during the excitement.

TRIED TO VOTE FOR A CAPTAIN.

A giant "bum" of the lowest and filthlest typ entered the polling-place and personated Harr; Davis, captain of the district for the Socialisti vote. Captain Davis, who was present, entered a vigorous protest and demanded the arrest of the "bum," but the policemen on duty took no notice of the demand, and a gang of bruisers held Davis while the "bum," ran away. The bruisers then set upon Davis, who appealed in vain to the police for protection, and he was roughly handled. Labor party. In whose name the "bum" desired t

TRISH IMPERSONATING HEBREWS. In this district there were many men whose face and accent unmistakably showed them to be Irish-men, and most of them of recent importation, and they voted under such familiar Hebrew name as Harris Cohen, Abraham Levi, Solom as Harris Cohen, Abraham Levi, Solomor Moses, Isaacs Aaron Levy, etc. Many of the Irish repeaters could remember only part of their names, in these causes the Tammany captains would swear at them, bestow upon timen the vilest epithets and then publicly tell them the names of the men whom they were to personate, and stick to them like leeches until, with the aid of the secondrelly Tammany inspectors, their fraudulent ballots were deposited. Meanwhile the police looked on complacently, and made no effort to prevent their outrageous acts. There were many fraudulent votes cast in this district, but it is impossible to make an accurate estimate of the number.

MRS GRANNISS VOTE CAST.

HER PROTHER GIVES UP HIS OWN PREFERENCE. AND DEPOSITS THE BALLOT MADE UP BY HER. As in several previous years, Mrs. E. B. Grannis was at the polls yesterday. But, as has not happened at any time previously, she voted. Although her hand did not cast the ballot, it had scratched and pasted and made it what it was. The hand of her brother, George C. Bartlett, a Democrat, and therefore opposed to her in politics, served her for the remainder of the programme, he sacrificing his own preferences in her favor. On Saturday Mrs. Grannis had a consultation with

ex-Judge Arnoux in reference to some of the can-didates. He stated to her that, although he knew many of the men on the State and county ticket of the Republican party, he could not state post tively whether these were men to vote in the affirmative for giving the franchise to women. She was again assured of his own loyalty to that cause. Several of the men named on the Republican ticket were remembered by Mrs. Grannis as having responded to appeals to vote in the State Legislature in the interest of certain bills committed to moral reform. The moral qualification was the basis fo reform. The moral quantum of Joseph H. Choate and of several others, since this, she said, is one of the greatest qualities in a politician. She voted for the greatest qualities in a politician. She voted for Addison B. Coivm, both because he is a Republican and because he had proved himself a friend to the political advancement of women, and Theodore E. Hancock was favored for similar reasons. She declined to vote for Elibu Root as a delegate to the Constitutional Convention, hecause, although a man of eminent ability and complete interrity of character, he had been averse to giving equality to women with men. For a similar reason John M. Francis was rejected.

The names of Commodore P. Vedder and of John J. Gilbert, delegates on the Republican ticket, were specially approved from their association with the right side of moral questions, while these men have shown a favorable attitude on the subject of the hallot for women. This voter stated that she appreciated most highly her opportunity to east a ballot for Daniel G. Relins and Payson Merrill because these men had written letters to her last winter promising to vote against an immoral bill. With few exceptions she voted the straight ticket of her party. ter acceptance of the name of Joseph H. Choat-

HELD ON CHARGES OF ILLEGAL VOTING. In spite of the conditions which prevailed at many polling places, and in spite of the open frauds, the Eleventh Precinct police are able to record only seven arrests for illegal registration. The names are Frantz Schlaret, No. 27 Delancey-st., names are Frantz Schlaret, No. 27 Delancey-st., committed for examination; Joseph Mackin, No. 73 Bowery, discharged; John McCafferty, No. 25 Bowery, paroled; Frank Smith, No. 141 Bowery, discharged; C. Max Kort, No. 165 Porsyth-st., and Bernard Schultz, No. 36 Forsyth-st., remanded, Only one more case was recorded, namely Alfred Archer, of No. 527 Madison-st., and he is held for examination in the sum of \$500.

Michael Hickey, who, in the Seventh Election District of the VIIIth Assembly District, tried to vote under the name of James Reilly, of No. 24 Springst., was arrested and held at the Jefferson Market Court. At the same court Max Alexander, who says he lives at No. 122 West Thirty-lifth-st., was held on a charge of flegal voting.

INJURED IN A RIOT AT BLISSVILLE. In the course of the voting at Blissville, a number of workers and voters got into an argument which precipitated a riot. It took place in what was called the first polling district of the what was called the first polling district of the Second Ward. The police were soon on the ground, and had to use their clubs freely to restore order. The fight was caused by a crowd of ruffians trying to take possession of the polling booths. In the fracas William McNulty, a special policeman, knocked down Patrick Moran, one of the rioters, in failing Moran struck his head on the stone curbing, receiving a deep gash just back of the ear. He was stunned by the blow, and it was at first feared he was dead. A doctor had to work over him for thirty minutes before he revived.

HODGMAN'S MACKINTOSHES.

Sensible and Stylish. COR. GRAND STREET. ADJ. 5TH AVE. HOTEL

THE POLICE AT THE POLLS.

MANY COMPLAINTS THAT THEY FAILED TO PREVENT TAMMANY FRAUDS.

UPERINTENDENT BYENES INVESTIGATES ALL CHARGES-HIS MEN MANAGE TO KEEP THINGS QUIET AT THE ELECTION COOTHS-PLENTY OF WORK FOR THEM IN "DRY-DOLLAR"

SULLIVAN'S KINGDOM.

Peace and quietness prevailed in this city during the election yesterday, although there was evidence that the Tammany bosses were resorting to trick ery and petty buildozing in many of the election districts in their efforts to keep Republican voters away from the polis and to procure illegal votes for the Democratic ticket. A number of complaints were made to the Police Commissioners and to were made to the Police Commissioners and to Superintendent Byrnes regarding the interference with the rights of the Republican watchers and challengers at the polis, and in a number of cases the police were declared to be acting under the or-ders of the Tammany bosses. Mr. Byrnes kept In-spectors Williams and McAvoy busy investigating the complaints and directing the policemen at the he complaints and directing the policemen at the polling-places to perform their duties faithfully and

Early in the day Captain B. F. Walton, of the 5th Regiment, who had been sent to act as a Republican watcher in the Fifteenth Election District of the Hd Assembly District, went to Police Headquarters and declared that he had been kept out of the polling-place at No. 96 Oliver-st. The dis trict to which he had been assigned is a Tammany stronghold, and most of the voters of the district are Irish 'longshoremen. A small room on the first floor of the house No. 96 Oliver-st., near Water-st. had been selected as the polling-place for the dis-trict. At the hour for opening the polls Captain Walton found the room packed with men who smelled strongly of liquor and declared they were Democratic watchers. A man who was drunk enough to be in a fighting mood tried to pick a quarrel with Captain Walton, and accused him of tepping on the toes of the other watchers. A poeman was called to put out the drunken man from the place. The Tammany chairman of the Roard of Inspectors of Election then said there was not nough room for so many watchers inside the guard rail, and he directed the policemen to keep out al his rights without danger of being assaulted, Cap tain Walton went to the Central Office to make emplaint. Inspector Williams took him back to the poiling-place in a cab, and said that a Repubwatcher must be protected in his right here. Captain Walton said he was content to tand outside the guard rail, where he could sell that went on in the small room, and no person aterfered with him there during the remainder of

COMPLAINTS FROM CHARLES H. MURRAY. Charles H. Murray, the Republican candidate for District-Attorney, went to the Central Office in company with John Sabine Smith several times esterday to complain of irregularities in the IIIrs of election and the policemen at the polling aces in the district appeared to have no regard for the rights of the Republican watchers, and that many fraudulent votes were being cast in he district. Superintendent Hyrnes in the fore ioon directed Inspector Williams to take a cal and make a personal inspection of every polling place in the Hild Assembly District. Inspector Williams returned in the afternoon and reported be

y in the names of legal voters, who later on re not allowed to vote. One of Sullivan's henchmen was seen to be busy directing the work of tetting in fraudulent votes in the polling-place at No. 28 Division-st. He was allowed to enter the solling-place and look at the poll lists to find out the names of men who had registered but had not the names of first who day Penstered but first not voted. After one such inspection he was seen to hold a conversation with a man who had the appearance of a vagrant. A paster ballot was transferred from the pocket of the Tammany heeler to the framp's pocket. Then the tramp was pushed through the crowd into the polling-place, where be there. After the tramp had voted he met the Tammany captain again in a hallway, and they partewith similes. It was declared by persons at the political political partial political partial political partial political partial partia

wote, the Tammany vote, somebody voted for you, see ""

Two Hebrews, who declared that they had been uniawfully deprived of their votes, went to Police uniawfully deprived of their votes, went to Police Headquarters and complained to Superintendent Byrnes. They were advised to apply to the Supreme Court for a mandamus to compel the inspectors of election to receive their votes.

Michael Berry, of No. 32 Bowery, was told that he had voted once when he tried to vote in the polling place at No. 32 Second-ave, at 9 a. m. He denied that he had voted, and declared that some person had been permitted to vote illegally in his name, but he was not allowed to cast a bullot. He went to the court in search of a mandamus. There was evidence that the Tammany bosses had procured the services of illegal voters in many districts, but as a rule the legal voters who found that they had been impersonated at the polling places went away in disgust, and there were comparatively few appeals to the courts for redress.

EX-ALDERMAN MEADE'S UNDUE INTERFERENCE.

EX-ALDERMAN MEADE'S UNDUE INTERFERENCE. Mr. Zimmerman, a Republican watcher in the leave the space inside the guard rail by order of ex-Alderman Meade, the Tammany boss of the who told a Tribune reporter that the and had to use their clubs freely to restore order. The fight was caused by a crowd of rufflans trying to take possession of the polling booths. In the fracas William McNulty, a special policeman, knocked down Patrick Moran, one of the rioters, in falling Moran struck his head on the stone curbing, receiving a deep gash just back of the ear. He was stunned by the blow, and it was at first feared he was dead. A doctor had to work over him for thirty minutes before he revived.

DON'T FORGET TO-DAY TO SEE THE NEW LAMP--THE "MILLER."

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BEAUTIFUL LAMPS

and binin designas--over one thousand varieties.

MAN UFAGTURED AND FOR SALE BY EDWARD MILLER & 70., 10 and 12 College Place, near cernet Park 1. New John. Forty-ninth Election District of the Vilth Assembly only The "Miller" Lamps from dealers.

Factories in Meridan, Conn. In Bosson, 23 Pearist. Factories in Meridan, Conn. In Bosson, 33 Pearist. Factories in Meridan, Conn. In Bosson, 34 Pearist. The Commissioners sent an order to the election laws. watcher had made himself obnoxious by writing

DESOLATION IN SANTANDER.

A THOUSAND PEOPLE DEAD, WOUNDED AND MISSING.

DISTRESSING SCENES AMONG THE RUINS-DIVERS OVERCOME BY HORROR-A SPANISH NAVAL OFFICER'S DESCRIPTION OF THE EXPLOSION.

Madrid, Nov. 7.-The latest details concerning the terrible disaster at Santander on Friday night show that the number of dead, missing and wounded is fully 1,000. The people have not yet recovered from the effects of the catastrophe, and are entirely apathetic, paying no attention to business, but standing about the streets discussing in low tones the awful calamity which has befallen the city. Men and women living near the water-front who providentially escaped from the wreck of their homes can be seen standing in numbers near the huge masses of debris which fill the streets, waiting to recover the bodies of those known to be under the ruins. The scenes in the neighborhood of the destruction wrought by the exploding dynamite are sad in the extreme, and whenever a body, crushed and mangled beyond recognition, is removed from the ruins a heartrending wail goes up from the women, who fear that the shapeless mass of flesh may be all that remains of one of their loved ones. There is no doubt that many of the dead will never be identified.

Many of the dead were buried yesterday. The headless and mutilated body of the Marquis de Pomba was among them. The services were attended by large crowds of people, and many distressing scenes were witnessed. Many of the fragments of bodies found near the quay were buried in a common grave.

The divers who were employed to recover the bodies in the bay have been so appalled at the number of the dead and the grewsome appearance of the corpses that they have refused to continue their work, and have begged the officials not to insist upon carrying out their engagements. The authorities granted their petition, and now men in boats with grapplingirons are employed in searching for the dead who were blown into the bay. Some of the bodies show that death was caused by drowning and not by the shock of the explosion. It is believed that many persons were rendered partially unconscious by the explosion and their bodies thrown far out into the harbor. They of course were drowned, for in the terrible confu sion no one thought of attempting to save the lives of those thrown into the water. In fact, those near the scene were thrown into a wild panie, and had no thought of saving any one but themselves.

Lopez Loriga, a Spanish naval officer, states that when the fire broke out on the Cabo Machicaco, he, with a number of other officers, went alongside the steamer to lend their aid in extinguishing the flames. The commander of the port, finding that it was impossible t fight the fire with the means at hand, gave orders that the steamer should be towed from the quay and scuttled. The fire spread sc rapidly, however, that it was impossible to make towing lines fast to her. The commander of the port then ordered that the steamer be sunk alongside the quay. Her sea-cocks were opened, allowing water to flow into her, but the water entered slowly. The vessel began to sink by the head, but in the mean time the fire continued to spread aft, burning fiercely. The capitain of the steamer Alfonso XII, seeing that it would take considerable time for the verset to sink, entered a launch with a number of his men carrying tools to cut through the plates of the Cabo Machicaco for the purpose of giving free access to the water.

At this time Semor Loriga left the quay, the model his way through the crowd, which

At the politic place No. 16 Marior-st. Policeman No. 2.751 had been accused of assisting a Democratic voter. The policeman said the man had been unable to fold his ballots properly, and had been sent back to the voting booth four times by the inspectors of election. Then the policeman had taken a ballot and had folded it in a proper manner to show the voter how the folding must be done. He said he did not know what ticket the man voted, and his sole object was to prevent denay in the voting. J. W. Hutchinson, the Republican watcher at the polning place, said he had no complaint to make.

At this time Senor Loriga left the quay. He pushed his way through the crowd, which had gathered to witness the novel spectacle of a steamer on fire, and was behind a cart, fifty yards from the quay, when the explosion occurred. He remembers hearing a terrific four, and then he fell, half-stunned, under the cart. He is sure that the vehicle saved his life, for as he fell a shower of rails, bars, joists and other wreckage passed through the air where he had been standing, mowing down the spectators like blades of grass. The Cabe Machicaeo for an instant was lifted clear out of the water. The forward part of her huil warped around and curved toward the stern, and failing lack into the bay, she sank. The

lican watcher at the poling place, said he had no complaint to make.

Affeed Lauterbach and Gordon McCully, the Republican watchers in the poling place at No. 26 Prince st., complained early in the day that a rear door was kept open, and that it was possible for frankinh voters to be admitted that way, and locked. Two drunken men who voted early and locked in the place had the place later, and and the water, but a been drunken by were epicted by the policemen, but were not arrested.

Mr. Morray and Mr. Smith drove from place to place in the Hill Assembly District in the afternoon. At intervals they went to the Central Office to nake a complaint, which was investigated immediately by Inspector Williams or by Inspector McAvoy. Mr. Murray said to a Tribure reporter.

"Superintendent Eyrnes and Inspectors Williams and McAvoy supear to be olong everything in their steep of the time to the rinker of the polling-places the pollicemen and the inspectors of clection are inclined to take their orders from the Tammany bosses. Fraudalent voting is going on in the Hild Assembly District constantly."

At a number of the polling places in the Hild Assembly District constantly.

TRAMPS VOTING HAEGAMAY.

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TRAMPS VOTING HAEGAMAY.

At a

they were paralyzed.

During the night the ghouls which infest every city sneaked about the ruins stripping the dead and wounded of their clothing and

the dead and wounded of their clothing and money. The thieves entered the dismantled houses and seized and carried off furniture and everything else which they could realize money upon. Few families in the city escaped without furnishing at least one victim.

Sener Gamazo, Minister of Finance, who at once proceeded from Madrid to Santander when the extent of the calamity became known, is doing everything in his power to awaken the authorities to the fact that they must arouse themselves and set about repairing the damage. As soon as he arrived he summoned the town officials and expressed to them the sympathy of the Government. He also assured them of the sympathy of the Queen Regent, who, he said, had wept upen hearing of the calamity. When Senor Gamazo saw bow helpless the authorities were, he took the administration of affairs into his own hands. He telegraphed to Valladolid ordering that medical stores, nurses and other help be sent at once to Santander. A subscription for the relief of the sufferers was started, Senor Gamazo heading it with a gift of \$5,000 on behalf of the Government.

THE RIOTING NOT IN AMSTERDAM. London, Nov. 7.-The statement in a dispatch from ists, in which the Mayor was stabbed, had occurred there yesterday was erroneous. The place where the riot occurred with all the incidents as narrated was Wageningen, a town of the Netherlands, in Gelderland.

GENERAL GOURKO RECOVERING RAPIDLY Warsaw, Nov. 7.-General Gourko, Governor of Warsaw, who has been ill for some time from the effects of poison, it is said, is improving daily and expects soon to recover entirely.

AUSTRIA'S NEW PREMIER AT WORK. Vienna, Nov. 7.-The "Fremdenblatt" semi-officially announces to-day that Prince Windischgraetz, the new Austrian Prime Minister, has had interviews with the leaders of the several political

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as Carlyle expressed it, is the experience of many people who reach middle life before their digestive organs loudly protest against improper food. Sooner or later the warning reaches most of us. Generally it first comes from food cooked with lard. How often we hear the remark, "I like it, but dare not eat it." To anyone in this common condition

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assume on the Government's measures. Nevertheless, the paper adds, progress has been made on the impending questions. The list of the new Ministers will not be submitted to the Emperor before Thursday. Emperor Francis Joseph returned from Ruda-Pesth this morning. He conferred to-day for an hoar with Count Windischgractz. Subsequently the Emperor had a conference with Count Taaffe, the former Prime Minister.

THE KAISER ON A HUNTING TRIP. TO SHOOT IN THE BLACK FOREST WITH THE KING OF WURTEMBERS-AN OFFICIAL KILLED ON THE RAILS.

Berlin, Nov. 7.-Emperor William has gone on a hunting expedition to the black Forest. He arrived at Tubingen, Wurtemberg, this morning, where he vas met by the King of Wuctemberg. A large crowd had gathered about the railway station, and gave a most hearty reception to the Emperor, After the Emperor and the King had exchanged greet lings they proceeded to the King's estate at Debenhaussen, where the preserves will be shot over. No official reception was given to the Kaiser. An incident occurred on the trip to Tubingen which caused much excitement. The train stopped at Mansfield, and Herr Schroeder, an official of the Foreign Office, hurried out of the Emperor's diningart to hand a telegram to the station master. As he atopped upon the footboard he slipped and fell to the track, and a passing eagine ran over and killed him. The body was carried into the station, and the Emperor, who was an eye-witness of the accident, caused his train to be delayed until he sent a telegraphic message of condoience to Herr Schroeder's wife. The Empress, when informed of the accident, sent a lindy-in-walting to express her sympathy with Frau Schroeder. ings they proceeded to the King's estate at Deben-

SPANIARDS HARD PRESSED AT MELILLA. A CONSTANT FIRE UPON THE TOWN KEPT UP BY THE MOORS-SPAIN MAY DECLARE WAR ON THE SULTAN.

Madrid, Nov. 7.-The fighting at Melilla was renewel yesterday. The Riffians blocked the approaches to the forts and advanced close to Mclilla self. The greatest excitement prevailed within he town, as it was feared that the Moors would attempt to take the place by assault. They were so close that bullets from their rifles fell into the square in the centre of the town or were flat-tened against the walls of houses. The Spanish roops poured a hot fire into the enemy, but it had on effect in checking their advance.
On the beach close under the walls of the town

force of sailors and dragoons was employed in its-mbarking horses from one of the which brought supplies from Spain. The Riffians wing them to stop their work and flee to the town for safety. The Riffians would probably have destroyed the boats and pontoons along the shore had not most of the fire from the town been turned destroyed the boats and possess. The first man first m

on the Sultan, and make the affair on the Riff coast a secondary consideration.

It is reported here that the movement among the tribesmen of Merocco against the Spaniards is spreading. The worlde Anghera tribes are said to be marching against Ceuta, chief of the Sp. aish presides on the African coast. Nineteen hundred of the tribesmen are reported to be advancing against the town. A moderately strong garrison is stationed at Ceuta, under command of General Correa. CATCH OF SEALS IN THE NORTH PACIFIC.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 7.—The statement of the North Pacific seeling catch pixeling the total at 120,231 is incomplete. Instead of 2.748 skins, San Francisco schooners took 20.00 skins, but landed nearly all of them at Hakodate and Yokohama. The exact figures are not known, but it is be-lieved that the total will be in the neighborhood of 145,000 skins.

PRUSSIAN PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS. Berlin, Nov. 7.—Complete returns from the Prussien Parliamentary elections give the following totals: Conservatives and Free Conservatives, 210 National Liberals, 87; Clericals, 95; Radicals, 20. National Liberals, Sr. Clericals, Sc. Administration, Poles, 19; Danes, 2. Berlan returned nine members of the Halical People's Party, among them Eugen Richter, for whom a sent was kept often at the capital in amicipation of his defeat in Hagen. One vote was east here for Prince Bismarck, Baron Riepenhauser, Conservative, defeated Dr. Boetticher by a large majority.

THE KAISER'S PORTRAIT FOR CAPRIVI. Berlin, Nov. 7.-The "Kleine Journal" says that the Emperor sent with his portrait to Chancellor von Caprivi an autograph letter, saying: "I consider it my duty to give this to you, as renewed proof of my confidence in the face of the unjust attack of which you recently have been a victim."

PARISH COUNCILS BILL ADVANCED. London, Nov. 7 .- The Parish Councils bill passed its second reading to-night in the House of Com-

ACTION OF BRITISH WARSHIPS AT BANGKOK London, Nov. 7.—In the House of Commons to-day Thomas Gibson Bowles (Conservative), Member for Lynn Regis, asked the Government to inber for Lynn Reris, asked the Government to inform him as to the truth of the report that the British warsbips Pallas. Swift and Pigmy had gone outside the blockade limits established by the French in Siamese waters when ordered to do so by Rear-Admiral Humann, commanding the French ficet.

Sir Edward Grey, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, said, in reply, that the British vessels had gone of their own accord after the French Admiral had informed them that the blockade had been established. They might, he added, have remained incide the blockade limits so far as any notice from the French commander was concerned. As a matter of fact, the British warship Linnet had stayed inside the blockade limits.

Mr. Gladstone, in response to questions relative to the strength of the British and other ficets in the Mediterranean, said that the Government was

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perfectly satisfied of the adequacy and capacity of the British Mediterranean squadron to meet every duty. He declined to discuss the condition of the navy as affected by recent occurrences.

of Medicine to-day. Dr. Dieulatoy, one of the French physicians who were sent to England to examine into the condition of Dr. Cornelius Herz, whose extradition the French Government has been trying to secure on charges of complicity in fife Panama Canal scandal, read the joint report of himself and Dr. Brouardel on the case. Before he had proceeded far Barch Larrey, Dr. Gustave Boucharder and others voiced the disapproval by the Academy of Dr. Brouardel's statements concerning Dr. Herz, which, the Academicians suspected, were biassed in favor of the patient. The disturbance finally became so violent that Dr. Brouarders stopped reading the report.

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AN UPROAR OVER THE HERZ REPORT. Paris, Nov. 7.-A tumult occurred in the Academy

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